Coalgebraic approach to Thomason

Coalgebras for the powerset functor and Thomason duality

Luca Carai

joint work with G. Bezhanishvili and P.J. Morandi

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Dualities for modal algebras

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- Jónsson-Tarski duality which is a generalization of Stone duality.
- Thomason duality which is a generalization of Tarski duality.

Definition

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Theorem

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- (Tarski duality) CABA is dually equivalent to Set.

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- **CAMA** is the category with
 - *objects:* complete and atomic boolean algebras equipped with a completely multiplicative operator □
 - *morphisms:* complete boolean homomorphisms preserving □.

Kripke frames

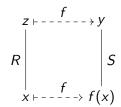
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- A map between two Kripke frames (X, R) and (Y, S) is called a p-morphism if for all x ∈ X and y ∈ Y, we have

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• KFr is the category of Kripke frames and p-morphisms.

Descriptive frames

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The category of descriptive frames and continuous p-morphisms is denoted by **DFr**.

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The contravariant functors yielding the dual equivalence are:

uf : MA → DFr associating with each (B,□) ∈ MA the
Stone space of its ultrafilters with the relation R_□ defined by

$$xR_{\Box}y$$
 iff $\forall a \in B \ (\Box a \in x \Rightarrow a \in y)$

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■ Clop : DFr → MA associating with each (X, R) ∈ DFr the set of clopens of X equipped with the operator □_R defined for every clopen subset A of X

$$\Box_R(A) = \{x \in X \mid R[x] \subseteq A\}$$

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℘: KFr → CAMA associating with each (X, R) ∈ KFr the powerset ℘(X) of X equipped with the operator □_R defined for every A ⊆ X by

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$$\Diamond_U = \{ F \in \mathcal{V}(X) \mid F \cap U \neq \emptyset \}$$
$$\Box_K = \{ F \in \mathcal{V}(X) \mid F \cap K = \emptyset \}$$

where U ranges over all open subsets of X and K over all the closed subsets.

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Thus, descriptive frames can be thought of as coalgebras for the Vietoris endofunctor ${\cal V}$ on ${\bf Stone}.$

Coalgebras

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- A morphism between (C_1, g_1) and (C_2, g_2) is a **C**-morphism $\alpha : C_1 \rightarrow C_2$ such that the following square is commutative.

Categories of coalgebras and algebras

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An algebra for an endofunctor $\mathcal{T} : \mathbf{C} \to \mathbf{C}$ is a pair (A, f)where A is an object of **C** and $f : \mathcal{T}(A) \to A$ is a **C**-morphism.

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- Morphisms between algebras and the category Alg(T) of algebras for T are defined analogously.

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Theorem (Abramsky, Venema-Kupke-Kurz)

There is an endofunctor \mathcal{K} on **BA** such that

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This yields an alternative proof of Jónsson-Tarski duality.

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Thus, the elements of the form \Box_a generate $\mathcal{K}(B)$ and we have $\Box_1 = 1$ and $\Box_{a \wedge b} = \Box_a \wedge \Box_b$.

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KFr and **Coalg**(\mathcal{P})

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Definition

Let $\mathcal{P}: \textbf{Set} \to \textbf{Set}$ be the covariant powerset functor that maps

- each set X to its powerset $\mathcal{P}(X)$, and
- each function $f : X \to Y$ to $\mathcal{P}(f) : \mathcal{P}(X) \to \mathcal{P}(Y)$ sending $S \subseteq X$ to its image $f[S] \subseteq Y$.

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A correspondence analogous to the one for descriptive frames yields

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Coalgebraic approach to Thomason

Thomason duality via algebras/coalgebras

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Another reason why **CABA** has free objects is because it is isomorphic to the Eilenberg-Moore category of the double powerset monad.

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 $\mathcal{H}(B)$ can be thought of as the free object in **CABA** over the complete meet-semilattice underlying *B*.

Coalgebraic approach to Jónsson-Tarski

Coalgebraic approach to Thomason

CAMA and $Alg(\mathcal{H})$

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CAMA and $Alg(\mathcal{H})$

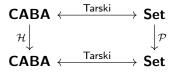
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We obtain as a consequence that

Theorem

Tarski duality lifts to a duality between $Alg(\mathcal{H})$ and $Coalg(\mathcal{P})$.

• **Coalg**(\mathcal{P}) is isomorphic to **KFr**.



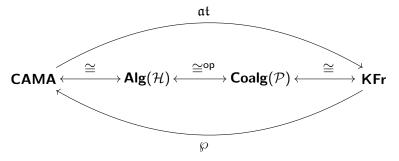
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- Coalg(\mathcal{P}) is isomorphic to KFr.
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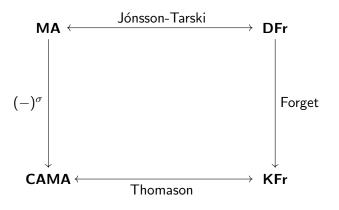
$$\mathsf{CAMA} \xleftarrow{\cong} \mathsf{Alg}(\mathcal{H}) \xleftarrow{\cong^{\mathsf{op}}} \mathsf{Coalg}(\mathcal{P}) \xleftarrow{\cong} \mathsf{KFr}$$

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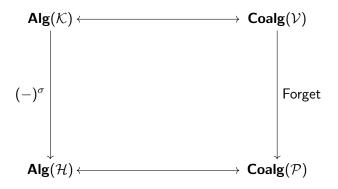


By composition we obtain the functors of Thomason duality.

Connecting the dualities



Connecting the dualities



THANK YOU!